## REVISIONS TO THE BUDGET AUTHORITY AND OUTLAY ALLOCATIONS TO THE COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS

[Pursuant to section 106 of the Budget Control Act of 2011 and section 302 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974]

In millions of dollars	Current Allocation/ Limit	Adjustment	Revised Allocation/Limit
Fiscal Year 2012: Security Discretionary Budget Authority Nonsecurity Discretionary Budget Authority General Purpose Discretionary Outlays Fiscal Year 2013:	816,943	0	816,943
	363,536	0	363,536
	1,320,414	0	1,320,414
Security Discretionary Budget Authority Nonsecurity Discretionary Budget Authority General Purpose Discretionary Outlays	546,000	254	546,254
	501,000	8,991	509,991
	1,222,497	2,385	1,224,882

## DETAIL ON ADJUSTMENTS TO FISCAL YEAR 2013 ALLOCATIONS TO COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS

[Pursuant to section 106 of the Budget Control Act of 2011]

\$s in billions	Program Integrity	Disaster Relief	Emergency	Overseas Congency Operations	Total
Financial Services: Budget Authority Outlays Homeland Security:	0.000	0.167	0.000	0.000	0.167
	0.000	0.129	0.000	0.000	0.129
Budget Authority	0.000	5.481	0.000	0.254	5.735
	0.000	0.274	0.000	0.203	0.477
Labor-HHS-ED: Budget Authority Outlays State-Foreign Operations:	1.050	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.050
	0.907	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.907
Side-Prolegii Uperations: Budget Authority Outlays Total:	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.293	2.293
	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.872	0.872
Budget Authority Outlays	1.050	5.648	0.000	2.547	9.245
	0.907	0.403	0.000	1.075	2.385
Memorandum 1: Breakdown of Above Adjustments by Category: Security Budget Authority Nonsecurity Budget Authority General Purpose Outlays Memorandum 2: Cumulative Adjustments (Includes Previously Filed Adjustments)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.254	0.254
	1.050	5.648	0.000	2.293	8.991
	0.907	0.403	0.000	1.075	2.385
Budget Authority Outlays	1.050	5.648	0.000	2.547	9.245
	0.907	0.403	0.000	1.075	2.385

# REQUEST FOR SEQUENTIAL REFERRAL

Mr. LEAHY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to have printed in the RECORD a letter dated June 28, 2012, to the Majority leader from myself and Senator Grassley.

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

U.S. SENATE,

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY, Washington, DC, June 28, 2012.

Hon. HARRY REID,

Majority Leader, U.S. Senate,

Washington, DC.

DEAR MAJORITY LEADER REID: Pursuant to Section 3(b) of Senate Resolution 400 of the 94th Congress, as amended by Senate Resolution 445, 108th Congress, we request that S. 3276, the FAA Sunsets Extension Act of 2012, which was filed by the Select Committee on Intelligence on June 7, 2012, be sequentially referred to the Judiciary Committee. The bill contains matters within the jurisdiction of the Judiciary Committee.

Thank you for your assistance and co-

operation.

Sincerely,

PATRICK LEAHY, Chairman. CHARLES E. GRASSLEY, Rankina Member.

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

> UNITED STATES SENATE, COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY, Washington, DC, June 28, 2012.

Hon. HARRY REID, Majority Leader, U.S. Senate,

Washington, DC.

DEAR MAJORITY LEADER REID: Pursuant to Section 3(b) of Senate Resolution 400 of the 94th Congress, as amended by Senate Resolution 445, 108th Congress, we request that S. 3276, the FAA Sunsets Extension Act of 2012, which was filed by the Select Committee on Intelligence on June 7, 2012, be sequentially

referred to the Judiciary Committee. The bill contains matters within the jurisdiction

of the Judiciary Committee.

Thank you for your assistance and cooperation.

Sincerely,

PATRICK LEAHY, Chairman.CHARLES E. GRASSLEY, Ranking Member.

#### CONTINUATION OF THE WIPA PROGRAM.

Mr. BAUCUS. Mr. President. I rise today to express my disappointment and frustration that the Work Incentives Planning and Assistance program also known as WIPA run by the Social Security Administration is being shut down today. Congress has not acted to extend this important program and the Commissioner of Social Security does not believe he has the authority to continue the program. I disagree. I think he could continue this program under his broad authority to implement the Social Security Act. It is my belief that if he did that and that was contrary to congressional intent, Congress would express that disapproval through the appropriations process.

Let me explain what the WIPA program does. Both the Social Security disability insurance, SSDI, program and the supplemental security income, SSI, program have many provisions to assist beneficiaries in attempting to return to work, but the rules and features of the work incentives are complex and can be intimidating. Through the WIPA program, SSA makes grants to community-based organizations to provide SSDI and SSI disability beneficiaries with assistance in navigating and using the return-to-work features. The total budget for the WIPA grant

program is \$23 million a year. Because it is such a large State, Montana has two WIPA grantees. The Montana Center for Inclusive Education at Montana State University in Billings is the WIPA specialist for residents of eastern Montana. Over the last 30 months, the WIPA in MSU Billings has served over 100 Montana residents. On the western side of the State, the North Central Independent Living Services, Inc., near Great Falls runs an innovative program where the WIPA grant is dispersed among several Centers for Independent Living in order to provide more personal, one-on-one service for residents of Montana. That program has served over 220 Montana residents.

I think the WIPA program should continue. I know many Members of Congress agree. I hope the Commissioner will continue these important programs as soon as possible. Given the state of the economy today, we should not limit important services that can help our constituents who want to help themselves by attempting to work.

## AUTHORIZED RURAL WATER PROJECTS COMPLETION ACT

Mr. BINGAMAN. Mr. President, I rise today as an original co-sponsor of the Authorized Rural Water Projects Completion Act, introduced by my colleague, Senator BAUCUS. I am pleased to support this important legislation which would address the serious backlog in the construction of Bureau of Reclamation water projects that are intended to serve rural and tribal communities.